SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product Name: Smartseal Sealer Repair Fluid

Chemical Name: Xylene

Synonyms: Dimethylbenzene

- CAS Number: 1330-20-7 - EC Number: 215-535-7 - Index No.: 601-022-00-9

- REACH Registration Number: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

- Use of the substance/mixture: Solvent

- Use advised against: No information available

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

- Name of Supplier: Smartseal UK Ltd

Address of Supplier: Unit 3

65-67 Cutlers Road South Woodham Ferrers

Chelmsford Essex CM3 5WA UK

Telephone: +44 (0) 1268 722500Email: contactus@smartseal.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number

- Emergency Telephone: +44 (0) 1268 722500

(office hours only Mon - Fri 08:30 - 17:30)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
 - Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) [CLP/GHS]: Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Acute Tox. 4, H332; STOT SE 3, H335; STOT RE 2, H373; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
 - Additional information: For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements: see section 16

2.2 Label elements







Signal Word: Danger

- Hazard statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H302+H312 - Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin

H315 - Causes skin irritation

SECTION 2: Hazards identification (....)

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- Precautionary statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

- Supplemental Hazard Information (EU)

2.3 Other hazards

- Not a PBT according to REACH Annex XIII
- Not a vPvB according to REACH Annex XIII

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

- xylene

CAS Number: 1330-20-7 EC Number: 215-535-7 Index No.: 601-022-00-9

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) [CLP/GHS]: Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Acute Tox. 4, H332; STOT SE

3, H335; STOT RE 2, H373; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 REACH Registration Number: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX

3.2 Mixtures

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Contact with eyes

If substance has got into eyes, immediately wash out with plenty of water for several minutes Irrigate eyes thoroughly whilst lifting eyelids

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

- Contact with skin

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Wash affected area with plenty of soap and water

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

- Ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (do not swallow)

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

- Inhalation

If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

SECTION 4: First aid measures (....)

Keep warm and at rest, in a half upright position. Loosen clothing

Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing but do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
 - Contact with eyes

Causes redness and irritation

- Contact with skin

May be harmful if absorbed through skin

Prolonged skin contact will result in defatting of the skin, leading to irritation, and in some cases, dermatitis

Causes redness and irritation

- Ingestion

Can cause damage to the central nervous system

Can cause damage to the liver

Can cause damage to the kidneys

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes nausea/vomiting

- Inhalation

Effect may vary from irritation of the nasal mucous membrane to severe lung irritation.

Can cause damage to the central nervous system

Causes dizziness, confusion, headache or stupor

May cause breathing difficulty

- 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
 - Consider gastric lavage with protected airway, administration of activated charcoal.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- 5.1 Extinguishing media
 - In case of fire use water spray or fog, alcohol resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide
 - Unsuitable extinguishing media: high volume water jet
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
 - Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback
 - May form explosive vapour/air mixtures
 - In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst
 - Decomposition products may include carbon oxides
 - Decomposition products may include hydrocarbons
- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
 - Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This MUST not be discharged into drains. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface or ground water.
 - Collect extinguishing media and dispose of as hazardous waste
 - Keep container(s) exposed to fire cool, by spraying with water
 - Special protective equipment: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Wear full protective clothing including chemical protection suit.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 - Rescuers should take suitable precautions to avoid becoming casualties themselves
 - Shut off all ignition sources
 - In confined spaces, sewers, etc., the vapours may collect to form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures (....)

- Personal precautions for non-emergency personnel: Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas; Avoid contact with skin and eyes; Wear protective clothing as per section 8; Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Personal precautions for emergency responders: Evacuate the area and keep personnel upwind; Wear chemical protection suit; Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

6.2 Environmental precautions

- Avoid release to the environment.
- Do not allow to enter public sewers and watercourses
- If polluted water reaches drainage systems or water courses, immediately inform appropriate authorities

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Stop leak if safe to do so.
- In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.
- Use non-sparking tools.
- Take action to prevent static discharges.
- Contain the spillage using bunding
- Absorb spillage in inert material and shovel up
- Place in appropriate container
- Seal containers and label them
- Remove contaminated material to safe location for subsequent disposal
- Dispose of contents/container to an authorised waste collection point
- To be disposed of as hazardous waste

6.4 Reference to other sections

- See section(s): 7,8 &13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharges
- Use explosion-proof equipment.
- Use non-sparking tools.
- Use only in well ventilated areas
- Engineering controls should be provided which maintain airborne concentrations below the relevant quidelines
- In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Keep only in the original container
- Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place
- Opened containers should be carefully resealed and stored in an upright position
- Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition
- Incompatible with strong acids
- Incompatible with oxidizing substances

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Solvent

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

BMGV (Biological Monitoring Guidance Value) (UK) 650 mmol methyl hippuric acid/mol creatine in urine Sampling Time: post shift

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection (....)

(EU) OELV (long term TWA) 50 ppm 221 mg/m3

(EU) OELV (short term limit value) 100 ppm 442 mg/m3

WEL (long term TWA) 50 ppm 220 mg/m3 (UK)

WEL (short term limit value) 100 ppm 441 mg/m3 (UK)

DNEL (inhalational) 221 mg/m3 Industry, Long Term, Systemic Effects

DNEL (inhalational) 442 mg/m3 Industry, Acute/Short Term, Systemic Effects

DNEL (inhalational) 221 mg/m3 Industry, Long Term, Local Effects

DNEL (inhalational) 442 mg/m3 Industry, Acute/Short Term, Local Effects DNEL

(dermal) 212 mg/kg (bw/day) Industry, Long Term, Systemic Effects DNEL

(inhalational) 65.3 mg/m3 Consumer, Long Term, Systemic Effects DNEL

(inhalational) 260 mg/m3 Consumer, Acute/Short Term, Systemic Effects DNEL

(inhalational) 65.3 mg/m3 Consumer, Long Term, Local Effects

DNEL (inhalational) 260 mg/m3 Consumer, Acute/Short Term, Local Effects

DNEL (dermal) 125 mg/kg (bw/day) Consumer, Long Term, Systemic Effects

DNEL (oral) 12.5 mg/kg (bw/day) Consumer, Long Term, Systemic Effects PNEC

aqua (freshwater) 327 ug/l

PNEC aqua (intermittent releases, freshwater) 327 ug/l

PNEC aqua (marine water) 327 ug/l

PNEC (STP) 6.58 mg/l

PNEC sediment (freshwater) 12.46 mg/kg

PNEC sediment (marine water) 12.46 mg/kg

PNEC terrestrial (soil) 2.31 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

- Selection and use of personal protective equipment should be based on a risk assessment of exposure potential
- Engineering controls should be provided to prevent the need for ventilation
- Where a reusable half mask respirator is required, use EN 140, with gas/vapour filter EN 14387 type ABEK, or EN 405; EN 1827
- Where a full face mask respirator is required, use EN 136, with gas/vapour filter EN 14387 type ABEK
- Wear goggles giving complete eye protection
- Wear suitable protective clothing
- Wear anti-static boots
- Contaminated clothing should be laundered before reuse
- Wear protective gloves. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN 374.
- The selection of a suitable glove depends on work conditions and whether the product is present on its own or in combination with other substances. Breakthrough time is dependent on the characteristics of the brand of glove used and the supplier should be consulted.
- Use good personal hygiene practices
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Ensure eyewash stations and safety showers are nearby















SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- Appearance: Liquid; colourless

- Odour: Sweet-smelling; Aromatic odour

- Odour threshold: 1 ppm

pH: Not applicable

Melting point/freezing point: -94.96 - 13.25 °C @ 101.3 kPa

- Initial boiling point and boiling range: 136.16 - 144.5 °C @ 101.3 kPa

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties (....)

Flashpoint: 18 - 32 °C @ 101.3 kPa
 Evaporation Rate: No information available

- Flammability (solid,gas): May form explosive vapour/air mixtures

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Lower explosive limit: 1.1 % (in air); Upper explosive

limit: 7 % (in air)

Vapour Pressure: 8.21 hPa @ 20 °C
 Vapour Density: No information available
 Relative Density: 0.86 - 0.863 @ 25 °C

Solubility(ies): 146 - 208 mg/L @ 25 °C and pH 7

- Partition Coefficient (n-Octanol/Water): Log Pow: 3.12 - 3.2 @ 20 °C and pH 7

Autoignition Temperature: 432 - 528 °C @ 101.3 kPa
 Decomposition temperature: No information available

Viscosity: (dynamic) 0.581 - 0.76 mPa s @ 20 °C
 Explosive Properties: May form explosive vapour/air mixtures

- Oxidising properties: Not applicable

9.2 Other information

- No information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

- Reacts violently with strong oxidizing substances

10.2 Chemical stability

- Considered stable under normal conditions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

- May form explosive vapour/air mixtures

10.4 Conditions to avoid

- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition
- In confined spaces, sewers, etc., the vapours may collect to form explosive mixtures with air

10.5 Incompatible materials

- Incompatible with acids and alkalis
- Incompatible with oxidizing substances

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

- Decomposition products may include carbon oxides
- Decomposition products may include hydrocarbons

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

- Acute Toxicity

Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin LD50 (oral, rat) 3 523 - 4 000 mg/kg bw LC50 (inhalation, rat) 6 350 - 6 700 ppm/4h LD50 (dermal, rabbit) 12 126 mg/kg bw

- Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

- Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information (....)

- Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

- Germ cell mutagenicity

No evidence of mutagenic effects

- Carcinogenicity

No evidence of carcinogenic effects

- Reproductive toxicity

No evidence of reproductive effects

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

STOT SE 3

May cause respiratory irritation.

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

STOT RE 2

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

NOAEL (oral, rat): 150 - 250 mg/kg bw/day

NOAEC (inhalation, rat): 3 515 mg/m3

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

- Contact with eyes

Causes redness and irritation

- Contact with skin

May be harmful if absorbed through skin

Causes redness and irritation

Prolonged skin contact will result in defatting of the skin, leading to irritation, and in some cases, dermatitis

- Ingestion

Can cause damage to the central nervous system

Can cause damage to the liver

Can cause damage to the kidneys

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes nausea/vomiting

- Inhalation

Effect may vary from irritation of the nasal mucous membrane to severe lung irritation.

Can cause damage to the central nervous system

Causes dizziness, confusion, headache or stupor

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

- Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- LC50 (fish) 2.6 8.4 mg/l (4 days)
- EC50 (aquatic invertebrates) 1 mg/l (24 hr)
- EC50 (aquatic algae) 4.6 4.9 mg/l (72 hr)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

- Readily biodegradable

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

- BCF 25.9

12.4 Mobility in soil

- No information available

SECTION 12: Ecological information (....)

- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
 - Not a PBT according to REACH Annex XIII
 - Not a vPvB according to REACH Annex XIII
- 12.6 Other adverse effects
 - No information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- 13.1 Waste treatment methods
 - Disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation
 - Dispose of contents/container to an authorised waste collection point
 - This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste
 - Do not reuse empty containers without commercial cleaning or reconditioning
 - Do not pierce or burn container, even after use
- 13.2 Classification
 - The waste must be identified according to the List of Wastes (2000/532/EC)

SECTION 14: Transport information



- 14.1 UN number
 - UN No.: 1307
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name
 - Proper Shipping Name: XYLENES
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
 - Hazard Class: 3
- 14.4 Packing group
 - Packing Group: III
- 14.5 Environmental hazards
 - Not applicable
- 14.6 Special precautions for user
 - No special precautions are required for this product
- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
 - Not applicable
- 14.8 Road/Rail (ADR/RID)
 - Proper Shipping Name: XYLENES
 ADR UN No.: 1307
 ADR Hazard Class: 3
 ADR Packing Group: III
 Tunnel Code: D/E
- 14.9 Sea (IMDG)

SECTION 14: Transport information (....)

Proper Shipping Name: XYLENES
 IMDG UN No.: 1307
 IMDG Hazard Class: 3
 IMDG Pack Group.: III

14.10 Air (ICAO/IATA)

Proper Shipping Name: XYLENES
 ICAO UN No.: 1307
 ICAO Hazard Class: 3
 ICAO Packing Group: III

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- This safety data sheet is provided in compliance with REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended by Regulation (EU) 2015/830
- Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 on the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP Regulation) applies in Europe
- This product is covered by EU Directive 2012/18/EU (the Seveso III Directive)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

- A REACH chemical safety assessment has not been carried out

SECTION 16: Other information

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall only be used as a guide. The company will not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with this product.

Sources of data: Information from published literature and internal company data

Text not given with phrase codes where they are used elsewhere in this safety data sheet:

- H226: Flammable liquid and vapour
- H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H312: Harmful in contact with skin.
- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332: Harmful if inhaled
- H335: May cause respiratory irritation
- H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level
- EC: European Community
- EC50: Effective Concentration, 50%
- GHS: Globally Harmonised System
- LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%
- NOAEL: No observed adverse effect level
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit
- PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

SAFETY DATA SHEET - Smartseal Sealer Repair Fluid

Revision: 26 October 2021

SECTION 16: Other information (....)

- PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration
- REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
- STOT RE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure
- STOT SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure
 vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
- WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit

--- end of safety datasheet ---